



Class: VI	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: February 2022
REVISION WORKSHEET	TERM II ASSESSMENT	Note: Notebook

Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory
- (ii) The question paper consists of four sections. Section A-Reading (10 marks), Section B- Grammar (10 marks), Section C- Writing (6 marks), and Section D- Literature (14 marks).
- (iii) Attempt one section at a stretch and then move to the next section.

SECTION A: READING (10 marks)

Q1 Read the given passage carefully.

Robot Bully by Vikki Petraitis

1 Nathan had been in the children's home for just two days before
Buster McFee noticed him. And not in a good way. It all started when
he took the last piece of toast in the line for breakfast. Buster McFee,
a big mean kid, was behind Nathan in the line. The minute Nathan sat
5 down, there was Buster looming in front of him.
"The last piece of toast is always mine," he said in a low menacing
voice.
'I didn't know-' began Nathan, staring up into Buster's piggy
eyes.
10 'Well next time you'll know,' Buster snarled.
He stormed off, leaving Nathan alone with a boy named
Pipsqueak.
'He's such a bully,' said Pipsqueak, watching Buster's retreating
bulk. 'You should teach him a lesson.'
15 'How?' said Nathan, glumly. In that moment, he had a brilliant
idea!
All the kids from the orphanage went to classes at the local
university to participate in a robotics program. While most kids
struggled to program their robots to move, Nathan was a computer
20 genius; his robot could dance. The last class was today. Nathan
grinned.

When the teacher asked each kid to show what their robot could
do, it was all pretty amateurish until it was Nathan's turn. He stood
25 facing his robot so the kids couldn't see it and when he stepped back,
the robot had a sticky-note on its middle: 'Buster'. In one of its robot
hands, it held a piece of toast. The real Buster's face went red with
rage. Nathan pressed a button and MC Hammer's *U Can't Touch This*
started playing. Robot Buster waved around the piece of toast and
30 danced.

Buster let out a roar, and Nathan ran.

Based on your reading of the above passage, answer the following questions by choosing the correct options. (1X5=5)

1. 'The last piece of toast is always mine,' he said in a low **menacing** voice."

- a) Scary
- b) Sad
- c) Thoughtful
- d) Polite

2. How is Nathan different from the other kids?

- a) he is a bully.
- b) he can dance well.
- c) he is good at programming
- d) he finds programming difficult.

3. *"Well next time you'll know."*

Which character says this sentence?

- a) Buster
- b) Pipsqueak
- c) Nathan
- d) The robotics teacher.

4. Why does Nathan give the robot a piece of toast?

- a) because Nathan is not good at programming.
- b) because Nathan is making fun of Buster.
- c) because it is advanced technology.
- d) because the robot eats toast.

5. What is Buster's response to Nathan's robot?

- a) Laughter
- b) Anger
- c) Happiness
- d) Sadness

OII) Read the poem carefully and answer the questions correctly by choosing the correct option.

Fame is a food that dead men eat,
I have no stomach for such meat.
In little light and narrow room,
They eat in the silent tomb.
With no kind voice of comrade near

To bid the feaster be of cheer.
But friendship is a noble thing,
Of friendship, it is good to sing.
For truly when a man shall end,
He lives in memory of his friend,
Who doth his better part recall,
And of his fault make funeral.
—Henry Austin Dobson

Answer the following questions by choosing the correct options: (1X5=5)

1. By the expression 'Fame is a food that dead men eat' we mean

- (a) fame is enjoyed only after death
- (b) fame is enjoyed during the life-time
- (c) fame is something like a food
- (d) fame dies with one's death.

2. Friendship is a noble thing because

- (a) a man cannot live without friends
- (b) real friends are very helpful
- (c) a man always remembers the good qualities of his friend after his death
- (d) it enhances the dignity of mankind.

3. Friendship is better than fame because in friendship

- (a) when a man dies he lives in the memory of his friend
- (b) a man always regards his friend
- (c) enmity never comes
- (d) a man is always happy in the company of his friend.

4. In the last line of the above poem the poet wants to convey that

- (a) one should believe in friendship
- (b) the faults of a man are highlighted by his friend after his death
- (c) the faults of a man are forgotten by his friend after his death
- (d) one should not run after fame and friendship.

5. The word recall means

- (a) forget
- (b) come close
- (c) help
- (d) remember

SECTION B: GRAMMAR (10 marks)

QIII. Identify the adverbs in these sentences by choosing the correct options. (1X2=2)

1. They regularly watch films at the multiplex.

- a. Adverb of Manner
- b. Adverb of Frequency

- c. Adverb of Degree
- d. Adverb of Time
- e. Adverb of Place

2. Leave the umbrella outside.

- a. Adverb of Manner
- b. Adverb of Frequency
- c. Adverb of Degree
- d. Adverb of Time
- e. Adverb of Place

QIV. Choose the correct form of the verb that agrees with the subject. (1x5=5)

1. A book as well as the company of friends _____ her happy.
 - a) make
 - b) makes
 - c) none of the above
2. All the boys__ taken the vaccine.
 - a) is
 - b) was
 - c) have
 - d) has
3. Neither John nor Joseph _____ ready with the presentation.
 - a) is
 - b) were
 - c) are
4. One of my friends _____ for Google.
 - a) work
 - b) works
 - c) none of the above
5. Satyajit Ray, the filmmaker, music director, writer, and illustrator_____ a talented man.
 - a) is
 - b) were
 - c) are

QV. State whether the sentences are in the active voice or the passive voice. (3)

1. A short poem was written by Marcos.
 - a. Active
 - b. Passive
2. Wilbur ate the pancake.
 - a. Active
 - b. Passive

3. Isabella celebrated Day of the Dead with her family and friends.
- Active
 - Passive

SECTION C: WRITING (6 marks)

Q VI. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION FOR THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

- 1. When writing a formal letter, you think about who you are writing to. What else is important?**
 - Why you are writing.
 - What you need to tell the reader.
 - What you want the reader to do.
 - All of the above.
- 2. When you are writing a formal letter, what information might you need?**
 - date
 - contact details
 - all of the above
 - none of the above

Read the letter carefully and answer the question.

No: 230
C.O.D. Colony
New Delhi

15th May, 2021

The Editor
The Times of India
New Delhi

Dear Sir,

Subject: Human Dependence on Technology.

Through this letter of mine, I wish to draw the attention of everyone towards the increased dependence of humans on technology. We use the internet for any type of information which we find only a click away. Everyone, whether a child or an adult, wants gadgets like cell phones, I-pod, laptops, etc. No doubt, technology is a boon to mankind and has a great future ahead. But in my opinion, we should not depend on it as an excess of everything is bad. It is making everyone lazy.

On the other hand, cyber-crimes are also growing. The keyword for this is caution. We must make judicious use of technology and should not totally depend on it. We must believe in natural and simple living.

I hope you will publish this letter in your newspaper for a better future for human beings.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully

Sign/-
Jain

3. What are the missing words in this sentence?

I hope you will _____ letter in your newspaper

- (a) better future
- (b) draw attention
- (c) publish this
- (d) simple living

4. Before you start a letter, the most important thing to think about is who is going to read it.

- (a). True
- (b). False

Read the story carefully and answer the question.

THE TEEN BATIA BHAVAN

Col. Vishwanathan retired from the Army and bought a house called the Teen Batia Bhavan in the quite town of Hazaria. Having fought three wars, it made no difference to him that the house was supposedly haunted.

On his first day in the Teen Batia Bhavan, Col. Vishwanathan settled down in an arm chair in front of his

T.V suddenly, the lights went off and the room was plunged into darkness.

"Here, Gitten Ram," Col. Vishwanathan called to his house-keeper.

"Beware. Don't shout," said a hoarse voice.

The Colonel looked up in surprise. Hovering him over the air was a soldier in armour.

"My dear fellow," said Col. Vishwanathan in a voice filled with admiration, "I don't know how you do this levitation. Especially seeing as you are dressed in a fancy dress party."

The ghost gave a withering cry.

Oh Sir, don't scream so. I like a bit of peace in the evening," said the colonel. "Would you like to have a drink with me?"

The ghost screamed again and continued to float walk through walls and doors. The colonel laughed at his antics.

5. What is missing from the story?

- (a) characters
- (b) settings
- (c) plot
- (d) climax

6. A character is only a person who takes part in the action of a short story.

- a. True
- b. False

SECTION D: LITERATURE (14 marks)

QVII) Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow. (5)

i. When I said everything, I meant the facts. I'm sure you'll agree that curses and other superstitions don't count as facts.

1. Who is the speaker? Who is he speaking to?

- a. Sherlock Holmes is the speaker. He is speaking to Sir Charles Baskerville.
- b. Sherlock Holmes is the speaker. He is speaking to Sir Henry Baskerville.
- c. Sherlock Holmes is the speaker. He is speaking to Dr. Watson.

2. Which fact is the speaker talking about?

- a. Holmes is speaking about the circumstances of Hugo Baskerville's death.
- b. Holmes is speaking about the circumstances of Sir Charles Baskerville's death.
- c. Holmes is speaking about the circumstances of Sir Henry Baskerville's death.

3. Which curse is being discussed here?

- a. It is said that all the female descendants of Baskerville House shall die on the moor.
- b. It is said that all the descendants of Baskerville House shall die on the moor.
- c. It is said that all the male descendants of Baskerville House shall die on the moor.

ii. But I am restless through the mornings.'

1. What does the person say about the nights?

- a. The speaker chooses not to say much about nights.
- b. The speaker says that nights are filled with adventure.
- c. The speaker says that nights are dull.

2. What does the person do in the mornings?

- a. In the mornings, the speaker roams around the village.
- b. In the mornings, the speaker roams around the graveyard.
- c. In the mornings, the speaker roams around the city.

QVIII. Match the following (4)

A	B
Jeering	speechless
Gales	making fun of someone
Ragging	home
Abode	teasing
	extremely strong wind

QIX) Choose the correct option and complete the answer: (1x3=3)

1. Who is the author of the poem Adrift! a little boat
 - a. Ruskin Bond
 - b. Kenneth Grahame
 - c. Emily Elizabeth Dickinson
 - d. William Shakespeare

2. Why did the headmaster send for Tapan?
 - a. The headmaster sent for Tapan because Mahesh, the village shopkeeper, had complained to the headmaster about Tapan's misdeed.
 - b) The headmaster sent for Tapan because Mohan, the village shopkeeper, had complained to the headmaster about Tapan's misdeed.
 - c) The headmaster sent for Tapan because Haren, the village shopkeeper, had complained to the headmaster about Tapan's misdeed.
 - d) None of the above

3. What does the word 'fibs' mean?
 - a. Mumps
 - b. Oracle
 - c. Lies
 - d. None of these

QX. Read the sentences carefully and choose whether they are True or False. (1x2=2 marks)

1. Holmes deduced it from the fact that the person appearing as Mortimer wore make-up and he lied about his dog.
 - a. True b. False

2. The speaker says that God lacks imagination as everywhere there is the same story of misery and sorrow.

- a. True b. False
